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This Instruction for Operating and Maintenance is applicable for the following flame arrester models:

Table Type description

Nominal width	Туре	EC-Type Examination Certificate Number
DN50 / 2"	933-S50.1/6x0,2/D4IICP2T1	
DN65 / 21/2"	933-S65.1/8x0,2/D4IICP2T1	
DN80 / 3"	933-S80.1/8x0,2/D4IICP2T1	
DN100 / 4"	933-S100.1/8x0,2/D4IICP2T1	IBExU15ATEX2139_X
DN125 / 5"	933-S125.1/8x0,2/D4IICP2T1	
DN150 / 6"	933-S150.1/8x0,2/D4IICP2T1	
DN200 / 8"	933-S200.1/8x0,2-d/D4IICP2T1	

The data sheet with dimensions and the pressure drop/volume flow rate diagram are available.

1. Use

The said models of the series 1 with flange joint of nominal widths DN50 to DN200 meet the requirements of the European Guideline 2014/34/EU and the harmonised standard for flame arresters EN ISO 16852:2016 as autonomous protection systems for intended use in potentially explosive atmospheres.

Its general suitability as an **in-line stable detonation flame arrester** for use in inflammable gas/air mixtures and vapour/air mixtures of inflammable liquids of explosion group IIC (standard gap width < 0,50 mm) was proved in a test at the Institut für Sicherheitstechnik GmbH IBExU Freiberg as EUROPEAN NOTIFIED BODY no. 0637 according to Article 9 of the Guideline 2014/34/EU. Always use it within the purview of the entire safety concept of the corresponding system and combine additional explosion safety measures, if required.

For preventing a flame transmission, these detonation arresters in the pipes can be used in atmospheric conditions [pressure: 0,8 bar (absolute) to 1,1 bar (absolute), temperature: -20°C to +60°C] for protection against stable detonations, deflagrations and short time burning at the flame arresters for explosive vapour/gas-air mixtures of the explosion group IIC.

Furthermore, the limit values according to Table 1 for the maximum permissible operating pressure p_0 considering the maximum permissible operating temperature T_0 must be adhered to:

Table 1: Limits for the operating status

Nominal width	p₀ MPa (absolute)	T₀ °C
DN50 / 2" DN65 / 21/2"		
DN80 / 3" DN100 / 4" DN125 / 5"	0,12	60
DN150 / 6" DN200 / 8"		

The flame arrester can be equipped in the case of stabilized burning on the flame arrester element with one or more integrated temperature sensors (resistance thermometers) on both the sides.

A stabilized burning on the flame arrester element must be stopped by installing an integrated temperature sensor (resistance thermometer) at the unprotected side of the flame arrester in connection with an automatic triggering

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of emergency functions (interruption or inertisation of the mixture flow) when the operation temperature of ≥ 20 K is exceeded.

The maximum permissible burning duration t_{BT} for short time burning at the flame arrester is 1 min.

With the delivery of the flame arrester, the technical parameters are documented along with the EC-Type Examination Certificate Number in the respective factory test certificate.

The Essential Health and Safety Requirements in accordance with the European Guideline 2014/34/EU are assured by compliance with the harmonized standards specified in the Declaration of Compliance.

2. Construction

The flame arrester comprises two covers (1) and (2), between the flame arrester element (3) is clamped, there are O-ring seals (4) for external sealing and connecting elements threaded bolt (5) and hexagonal nut (6) with protection cap (7).

Depending on the nominal width, the flame arrester's (3) grid cage (8) has six or eight metal foil elements (9) and (10) with varying winding direction: (9) - turned left, (10) - turned right.

The metal foil elements are made of one crimped and one flat ribbon of 10 mm width and 0,10 mm thickness. The ribbons are rolled along each other in compact layers and build a triangular channel in the centre with a maximum height of 0,2 mm.

The metal foil elements are kept apart with clip and spacer (12) and are fastened axially with the stars (13) and (30) using the screw (14). The screw (14) is secured against loosening with the help of safety washer (15) and adhesive on the thread.

Using two lifting eyes (17), lifted through threaded bolts (5), the flame arrester element (3) is positioned between the covers (1) and (2).

On the inner sides of the cover flanges some connecting threaded bolts have additional nuts (6) and washers (18) which enable an axial constricting for dismantling the flame arrester element (3).

Two threaded holes on the cover (1) are sealed with screw plug (19) and accompanying sealing ring (20). The screw plug on the bottom serves as condensation outlet; the screw plug on the upper flange is replaced on site along with the sealing by a resistance thermometer (21).

In case of use of resistance thermometer, two covers (1) are used on both the sides of the flame arrester.

On customer's demand there will be threaded holes M10x1 for pressure measuring on the inlet and outlet flange which are closed by screw plug (22) and sealing ring (23).

3. Marking

The information with which the flame arrester system is identified is mentioned on the type label (Item 25) and warning sign (Item 26). The following details are provided:

TYPE LABEL

- name and address of the manufacturer
- type identification according to "Table Type description"
- number of the certificate (EC-Type Examination Certificate Number) according to "Table Type description"
- · factory number with year of manufacture
- the international standard for flame arresters: "ISO 16852"
- the special mark for prevention of explosions and alphabet 'G' (for areas that have explosive gas, vapour, air-mixtures)

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- explosion group IIC
- CE mark with number of the indicated inspection office for production monitoring phase: "2460"

WARNING SIGN

- the word "Warning" with the note "Flame arresters have installation and application limits. Type design in accordance with ISO 16852
- the mark "DET 4" means: tested for stable detonation without restriction.
- the mark 'BC' for stabilized burning plus the classification 'b' for short time burn or 'c' for no burn time; if 'b' has been specified, then there will be an additional mention of the burning duration t_{BT} = 1 min
- the explosion group IIC
- the maximum operating temperature T₀ = 60°C
- the maximum operating pressure p₀ = 0,12 MPa

The flame arrester has an easily visible stamp on the grid cage (8):

DN50: "BS&B-6x0,2"
DN65, DN80, DN100, DN125, DN150: "BS&B-8x0,2"
DN200: "BS&B-8x0,2-d"

The metal foil element is labelled on the external ribbon as:

- · short name of the manufacturer
- gap width
- material number
- direction of winding

Example: "BS&B-0,2-1.4571-R"

The parts tested for leak proofness and strength are indicated through a stamp.

The protected side is marked by a red sticker.

Option: If the flame arrester has a resistance thermometer, the cover (1) has an adhesive label (27) with warning notice for short time burning.

4. Installation

The positioning and installation of the flame arrester in the plant must take place under the purview of the directives applicable at the place of use; it is particularly imperative to follow the accident prevention directives of the area of installation.

The flange covers must be removed before installing in the pipeline.

The criteria mentioned in the EC-Type Examination Certificate under Point [17] - Special conditions for safe use - related to the installation must be adhered to. It is especially important to check the use of resistance thermometer for signalling stabilized burning at the flame arrester.

The following assembly instructions must be observed:

- The flame arrester must be installed only on those pipelines, whose pipe diameter
 - o on the unprotected side shall be no greater than the flame arrester connection
 - on the protected side shall be no less than the pipe diameter on the unprotected side
- If a continuous burning at the flame arrester cannot be ruled out, at least one resistance thermometer must be installed at the source of ignition side. The mark (red point) on the cover (2) indicates the connection side to be connected with the system component to be protected against flame transmission. If continuous burning is expected on both sides of the flame arrester, one temperature sensor must be installed at both sides.

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The flame arresters are fundamentally equipped with connecting flanges according to ISO 7005-1 (steel flanges) or according to DIN 2501 in the pressure level PN10, PN16 or PN20. The pressure level PN20 is compatible with the American flange class 150 according to ANSI B16.5. If required, the flange connections can also be delivered in accordance with the Japanese industrial standard JIS B 2220.

Flat seals with sealing rated value of $k_0K_0 \le 25b_0$ are recommended for the flange connections. While installing flanges, it must be ensured that the seal faces are not damaged and there are no foreign bodies or dust between the flanges so that there are no gaps. The system should be checked thoroughly for proper sealing before commissioning it. The test pressures of the flame arrester specified in the test certificate must not be exceeded.

Vertical as well as horizontal installation on the system is permissible.

The flame arrester must not be a bed for the pipe and should be installed with low-stress.

For dismantling of the flame arrester element (3) and the resistance thermometer (21) assembly clearance is necessary with at least the measurements given in Table 2 (see Spare part drawing).

Table 2: Dismantling dimensions D and E and weight of the stainless steel flame arrester element (3)

DN		50	65	80	100	125	150	200
D	mm	400	410	450	470	500	560	600
E	mm	300	340	400	460	550	670	790
Weight	kg	6,3	12,3	18,5	24,7	38,5	57	90

The assembly of the resistance thermometer delivered separately from the flame arrester must take place by replacing the screw plug in the corresponding threaded hole of the cover flange with corresponding sealing. The screwing must be secured against accidental loosening in the thread with adhesive "Loctite 221".

The assembly guidelines of the resistance thermometer's manufacturer and the conditions for ensuring the conformity must be adhered to while connecting the temperature sensor to the measurement system. The switching between resistance thermometer and the device for stopping mixture flow or a similar measure (triggering emergency function) must take place in such a way that within 30 sec after the identification of the flame by the resistance thermometer, the risk status is recognised.

5. Maintenance

The maintenance includes a periodic visual inspection of the flame arrester, in particular the metal foil elements, with respect to contamination and consistency and a periodic functions check of the resistance thermometer. The time intervals for maintenance works depend on the operating conditions and contaminating level of the individual media and must be decided by the operator.

For cleaning works the flame arrester element has to be taken out of the plant. Therefore, the weights according to Table 2 shall be taken into consideration. Check the status of the sealing (4) after the disassembly.

In case of negligible contamination the flame arrester element (3) shall be blown up with compressed air or hot steam against the operating flow.

If the contamination level is high or there are sticky impurity to the surface of the metal foil element, rinsing with a cleaning agent may also be considered. However, all parts covered in the cleaning agent must then been blown dry.

Ensure that no mechanical modifications are made to the metal foil elements and housing parts of the flame arrester during the cleaning works. Check that screw (14) is secured and fastened properly (Table 3).

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Table 3: Fastening torque of the screw (14)

DN		50 65		80 100		125	150	200
Torque	Nm	1	2	2	5	50	10	00

Explosions along with stabilized burning at the flame arrester element lead to considerable mechanical and thermal stress. If changes in the foil element structure are visible during a fire on the flame arrester element or the coils have unwound, the flame arrester element must be replaced.

The flame arrester element must be replaced by a new one if

- there was a fire on the flame arrester element
- slackening or slipping in the structure of the metal foil elements is visible
- there are visible damages on the metal foil elements from corrosion
- a visible residual contamination of more than 30% of the free flow area has remained despite cleaning a very dirty metal foil element

All works in connection with the cleaning and replacement of flame arrester element shall be executed only by trained and authorized skilled personnel.

Check the functionality of the resistance thermometer after a fire on the flame arrester.

While replacing the sealing (4), ensure that they are lightly lubricated with conventional silicon grease (order no. 00 027 079); they must be protected from damage during the assembly.

The threaded bolts (5) should be also lightly greased with silicon grease around the threads and fastened with the torque specified in Table 4.

Table 4: Fastening torque of the screw joint (5), (6)

DN		50	65	80	80 100		150	200
Torque	Nm	25		40	5	0	70	90

Attention: For "silicone and grease free flame arresters" all seals, threaded bolts and nuts should be assembled without using silicone or grease.

Check the external sealing of all pressurised flange and threaded joints.

It is recommended to keep one suitable spare flame arrester element (3) for every flame arrester in use.

While replacing components, use only the -original-spare parts listed in the Spare parts list to ensure safety.

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6. Spare parts list

Table 5: Spare parts DN50-100

Item	Designation	No.	Material	Order-No.					
No.				DN50	DN50 DN65		DN100		
3*	Flame arr. element 6x0,2 Flame arr. element 6x0,2-N Flame arr. element 6x0,2-VF Flame arr. element 8x0,2 Flame arr. element 8x0,2-N Flame arr. element 8x0,2-VF	1	NSt	FET15516660 FET15516660N FET15516660VF	FET15519680 FET15519680N FET15519680VF	FET15522680 FET15522680N FET15522680VF	FET15525680 FET15525680N FET15525680VF		
4*	O-ring	2	NBR FPM FEP	802032200 802004100 802034700	802036300 802037100 802039600	792053200 792067000 802031400	802001700 802002500 802003300		
5	Threaded bolt	6	St NSt		51139 51939		57323 57423		
6	Hexagonal nut	20	St NSt		07239 68223	201358739 340050623			
7	Protection cap	12	К	7005	78300	702014700			
18	Plate	8	St NSt		20700 50200	305480100 302050300			
19	Screw plug	2	St NSt			31200 97500			
20*	Gasket ring	2	LM PTFE			50200 36000			
21*	Ex(i)-thermometer 3-wire 4-wire 3-wire + transmitter	1	NSt	6620	26620 76423 77223	6620	36220 67623 70723		
22	Screw plug	2	St NSt	215130500 212025100					
23*	Gasket ring	2	LM PTFE	504580700 532037700					

Note: Parts marked with * shall be available for maintenance works.

Material marks

St	 Steel	K	 Plastics	FPM	 Vitone
NSt	 Stainless steel	FEP	 fluoricplastics (VF)	NBR	 Perbunan (N)
LM	 Light alloy	PTFE	 fluoricplastics		

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Table 6: Spare parts DN125-200

Item Designation		No.	Material	Order-No.			
No.				DN125	DN150	DN200	
3*	Flame arr. element 8x0,2 Flame arr. element 8x0,2-N Flame arr. element 8x0,2-VF Flame arr. element 8x0,2-d Flame arr. element 8x0,2-d-N Flame arr. element 8x0,2-d-VF		NSt	FET15528050 FET15528050N FET15528050VF	FET15531050 FET15531050N FET15531050VF	FET15534078 FET15534078N FET15534078VF	
4*	O-ring		NBR FPM FEP	802066000 802067700 802069300	802070800 802071600 802073200	802074000 802075700 802077300	
5	Threaded bolt	10	St NSt	232057823 232057923	232089723 232089823		
5		14	St NSt			232100823 232100923	
0		28	St NSt	201358739 340050623	201472339 200124523		
6	Hexagonal nut	36	St NSt			201472339 200124523	
7	Protection cap	20 28	К	702014700	722037100	722037100	
18	18 Plate		St NSt	305480100 302050300	480100 305560100		
19	Screw plug	2	St NSt		215031200 212097500		
20*	Gasket ring	2	LM PTFE		504650200 532036000		
21*	Ex(i)-thermometer 3-Leiter 4-Leiter 3-Leiter + transmitter	1	NSt	662036220 672018120 662067623 672019823 662070723 672020423		19823	
22	22 Screw plug		St NSt		215130500 212025100		
23* Gasket ring		2	LM PTFE	504580700 532037700			

Note: Parts marked with * shall be available for maintenance works.

Material marks

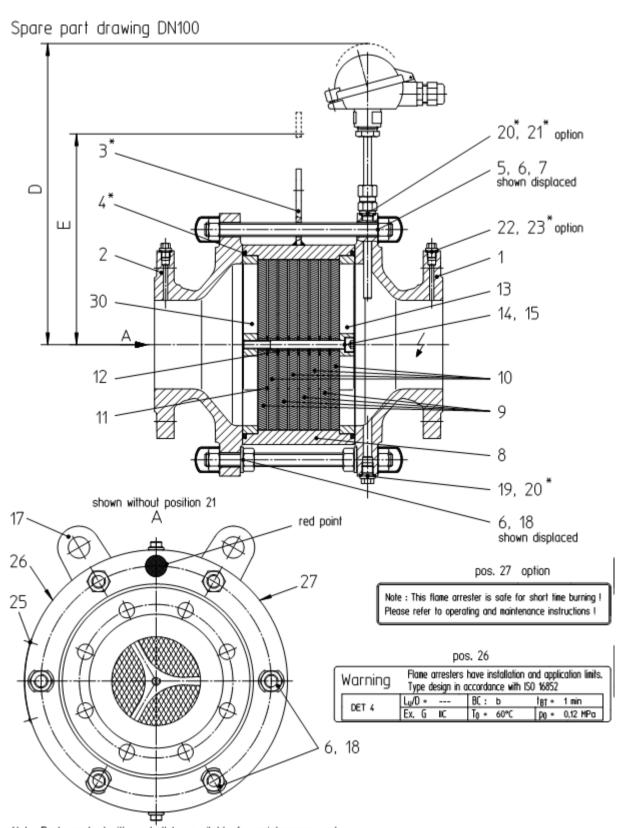
St	 Steel	K	 Plastics	FPM	 Vitone
NSt	 Stainless steel	FEP	 Fluoricplastics (VF)	NBR	 Perbunan (N)
LM	 Light alloy	PTFE	 Fluoricplastics		

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Note: Parts marked with * shall be available for maintenance works.

Dimensions D and E are dismantling dimensions.

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